

# Trabalho 5a

3 de maio de 2023 10:09

$$1) \int \psi_1^* \psi_1 d\tau = 1 \quad \int \psi_2^* \psi_2 d\tau = 1 \quad \int \psi_1^* \psi_2 d\tau = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \psi_1^* \psi_1 d\tau = \int [z(1+s_{12})]^{-1/2} [\phi_1^*(\vec{r}_1) + \phi_2^*(\vec{r}_2)] [z(1+s_{12})]^{-1/2} [\phi_1(\vec{r}_1) + \phi_2(\vec{r}_2)] d\tau = \\ & = [z(1+s_{12})]^{-1} \int [\phi_1^*(\vec{r}_1) + \phi_2^*(\vec{r}_2)] [\phi_1(\vec{r}_1) + \phi_2(\vec{r}_2)] d\tau = \\ & = [z(1+s_{12})]^{-1} \left\{ \int \phi_1^*(\vec{r}_1) \phi_1(\vec{r}_1) d\tau + \int \phi_1^*(\vec{r}_1) \phi_2(\vec{r}_2) d\tau + \int \phi_2^*(\vec{r}_2) \phi_1(\vec{r}_1) d\tau + \int \phi_2^*(\vec{r}_2) \phi_2(\vec{r}_2) d\tau \right\} \\ & = [z(1+s_{12})]^{-1} \{ 1 + s_{12} + s_{12} + 1 \} = [z(1+s_{12})]^{-1} [z(1+s_{12})] = 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2) \psi_0 > \psi_0(x_1, x_2) &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{vmatrix} \chi_1(x_1) & \chi_2(x_1) \\ \chi_1(x_2) & \chi_2(x_2) \end{vmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} [\chi_1(x_1)\chi_2(x_2) - \chi_1(x_2)\chi_2(x_1)] \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left\{ [z(1+s_{12})]^{-1/2} [\phi_1(\vec{r}_1) + \phi_2(\vec{r}_2)] \alpha(w_1) [z(1+s_{12})]^{-1/2} [\phi_1(\vec{r}_2) + \phi_2(\vec{r}_2)] \beta(w_2) \right. \\ & \quad \left. - [z(1+s_{12})]^{-1/2} [\phi_1(\vec{r}_2) + \phi_2(\vec{r}_2)] \alpha(w_2) [z(1+s_{12})]^{-1/2} [\phi_1(\vec{r}_1) + \phi_2(\vec{r}_1)] \beta(w_1) \right\} = \end{aligned}$$

$$3) \left\{ [z(1+s_{12})]^{-1/2} \right\}^2 = (c_1)^2$$

$$= \underline{(c_1)^2} \left\{ [\phi_1(\vec{r}_1) + \phi_2(\vec{r}_1)] \alpha(w_1) [\phi_1(\vec{r}_2) + \phi_2(\vec{r}_2)] \beta(w_2) \right\}$$

$$= \frac{(c_1)^2}{\sqrt{2}} \left\{ [\psi_1(\vec{r}_1) + \psi_2(\vec{r}_1)] \alpha(w_1) [\psi_1(\vec{r}_2) + \psi_2(\vec{r}_2)] \beta(w_2) \right. \\ \left. - [\psi_1(\vec{r}_2) + \psi_2(\vec{r}_2)] \alpha(w_2) [\psi_1(\vec{r}_1) + \psi_2(\vec{r}_1)] \beta(w_1) \right\}$$

$$= \frac{(c_1)^2}{\sqrt{2}} \left\{ \underbrace{\psi_1(\vec{r}_1) \psi_1(\vec{r}_2) \alpha(w_1) \beta(w_2)}_{\text{red}} + \underbrace{\psi_1(\vec{r}_1) \psi_2(\vec{r}_2) \alpha(w_1) \beta(w_2)}_{\text{yellow}} \right. \\ \left. + \underbrace{\psi_2(\vec{r}_1) \psi_1(\vec{r}_2) \alpha(w_1) \beta(w_2)}_{\text{blue}} + \underbrace{\psi_2(\vec{r}_1) \psi_2(\vec{r}_2) \alpha(w_1) \beta(w_2)}_{\text{green}} \right. \\ \left. - \underbrace{\psi_1(\vec{r}_2) \psi_1(\vec{r}_1) \alpha(w_2) \beta(w_1)}_{\text{red}} - \underbrace{\psi_1(\vec{r}_2) \psi_2(\vec{r}_1) \alpha(w_2) \beta(w_1)}_{\text{yellow}} \right. \\ \left. - \underbrace{\psi_2(\vec{r}_2) \psi_1(\vec{r}_1) \alpha(w_2) \beta(w_1)}_{\text{blue}} - \underbrace{\psi_2(\vec{r}_2) \psi_2(\vec{r}_1) \alpha(w_2) \beta(w_1)}_{\text{green}} \right\}$$

$$\phi_i(\uparrow) \phi_j(\downarrow) = \begin{vmatrix} \psi_i(\vec{r}_1) \alpha(w_1) & \psi_j(\vec{r}_1) \beta(w_1) \\ \psi_i(\vec{r}_2) \alpha(w_2) & \psi_j(\vec{r}_2) \beta(w_2) \end{vmatrix} =$$

$$= \psi_i(\vec{r}_1) \psi_j(\vec{r}_2) \alpha(w_1) \beta(w_2) - \psi_i(\vec{r}_2) \psi_j(\vec{r}_1) \alpha(w_2) \beta(w_1)$$

$$|\Psi_0\rangle = \frac{(c_1)^2}{\sqrt{2}} \left\{ \phi_1(\uparrow) \phi_1(\downarrow) + \phi_2(\uparrow) \phi_2(\downarrow) + \phi_2(\uparrow) \phi_1(\downarrow) + \phi_1(\uparrow) \phi_2(\downarrow) \right\}$$